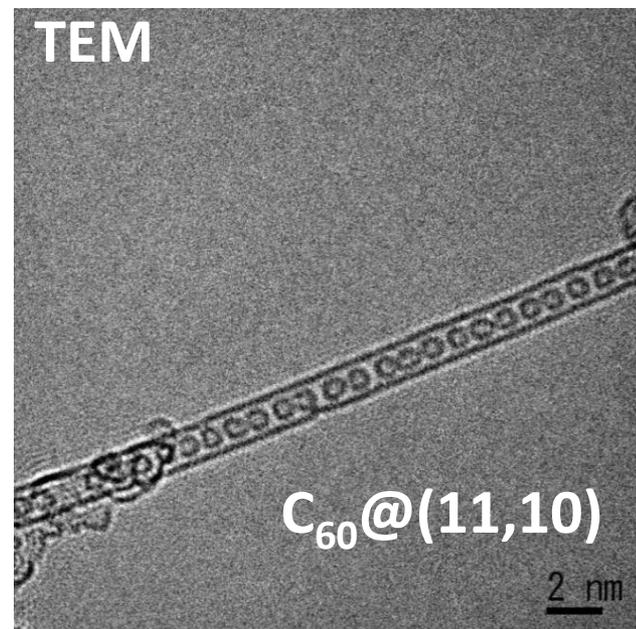
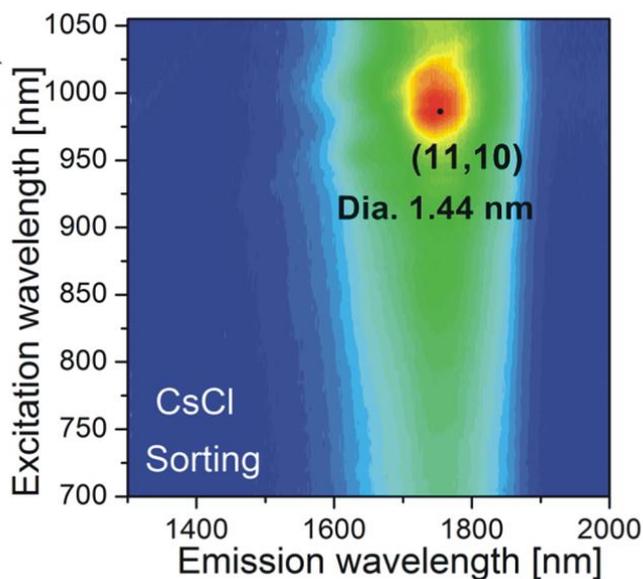
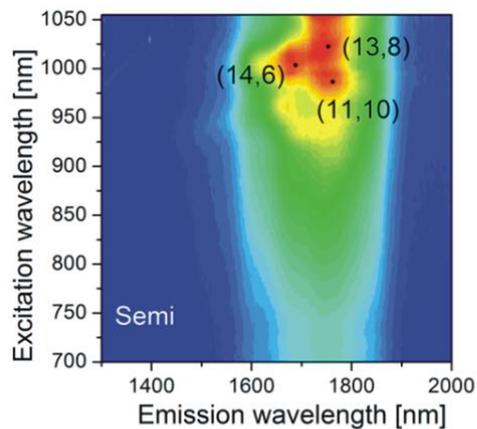


# Single chiral extraction of single-wall carbon nanotubes for the encapsulation of organic molecules

Single chirality purification

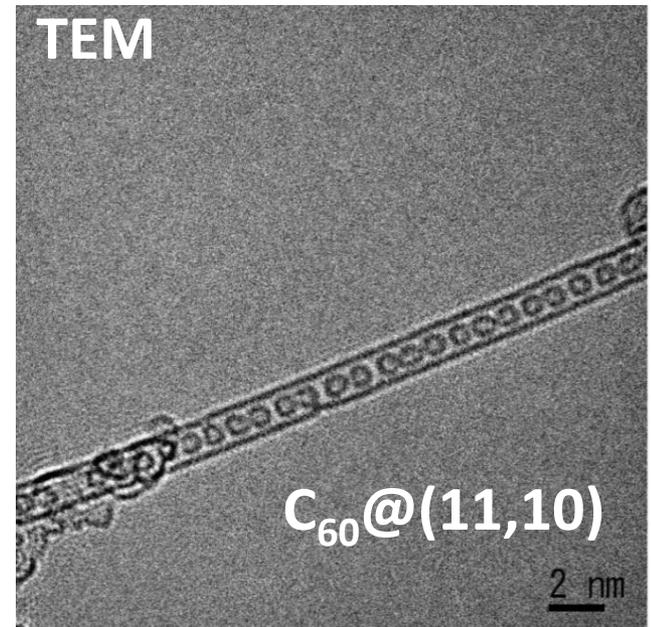


JACS 134, 9545 (2012)

Kazuhiro Yanagi  
Tokyo Metropolitan University

# Contents

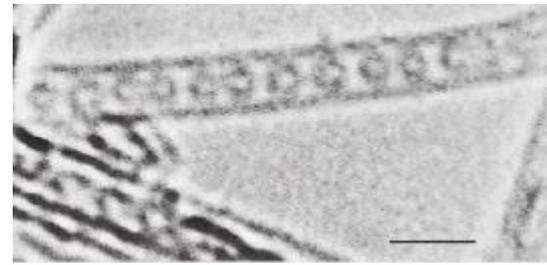
- Purpose of this study
- How to extract (11,10) SWCNTs
- How to produce  $C_{60}@ (11,10)$  and their unique properties
- Summary



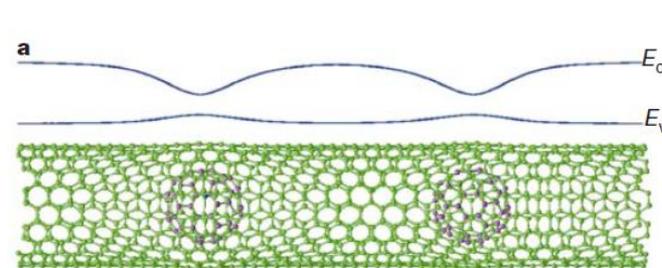
# Research background

- Peapods

- Control of physical properties of SWCNTs (doping etc)
- Unique molecular reaction space

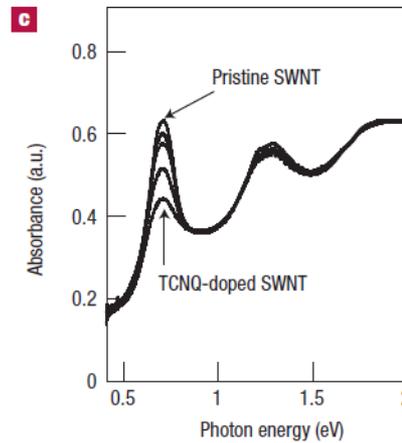


Smith et al.,  
Nature  
1998

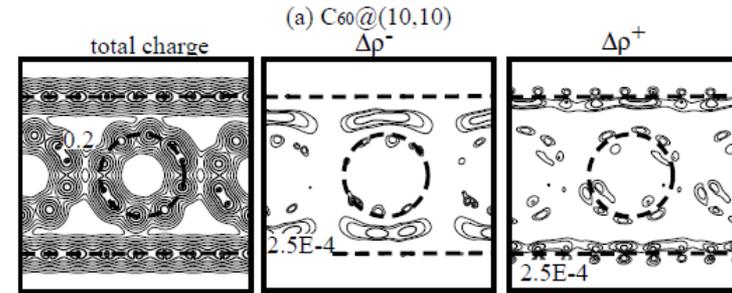


Lee et al., Nature 415, 1005 (2002)

Band-gap modulation

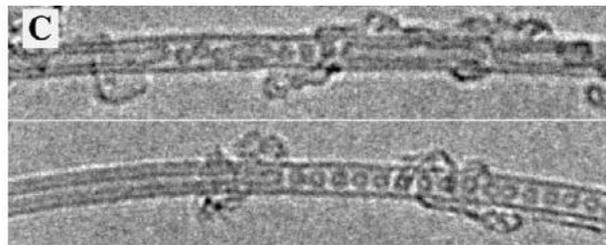


Takenobu, Nat. Mater. 2, 683 (2003)



Okada et al., PRL 86, 3835 (2001)

nearly free electron state



Double wall SWCNTs

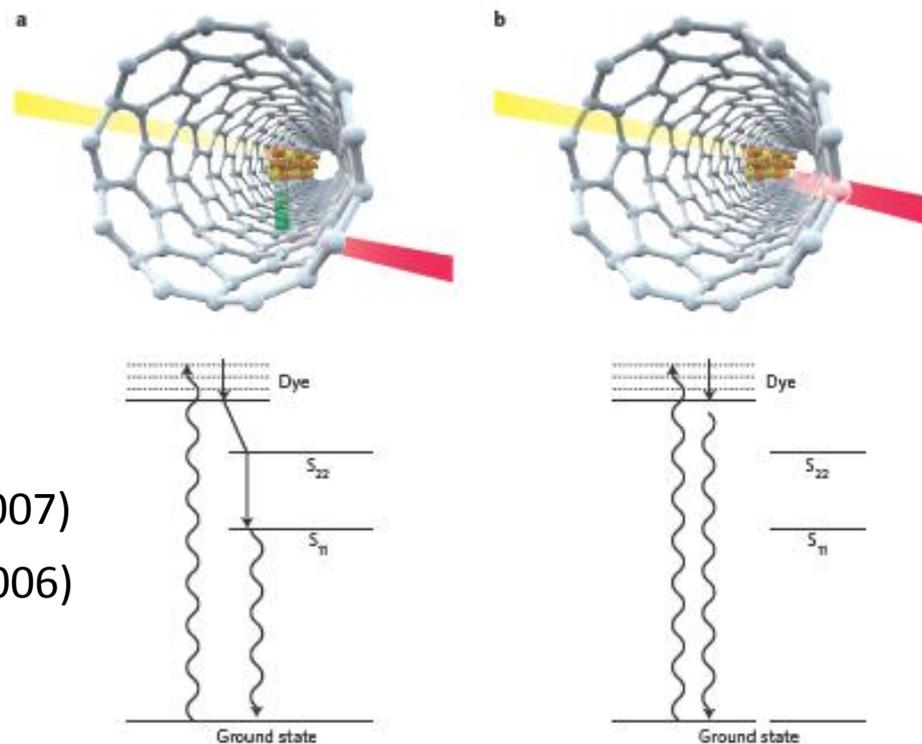


Liu, Yanagi et al, Nature  
Nanotech. 2, 422 (2007)

All the peapods are in a mixed chirality states of SWCNTs

# Preparation of single-chirality state of peapods is important

Example:



JACS 129, 4992 (2007)

PRB 74, 155420 (2006)

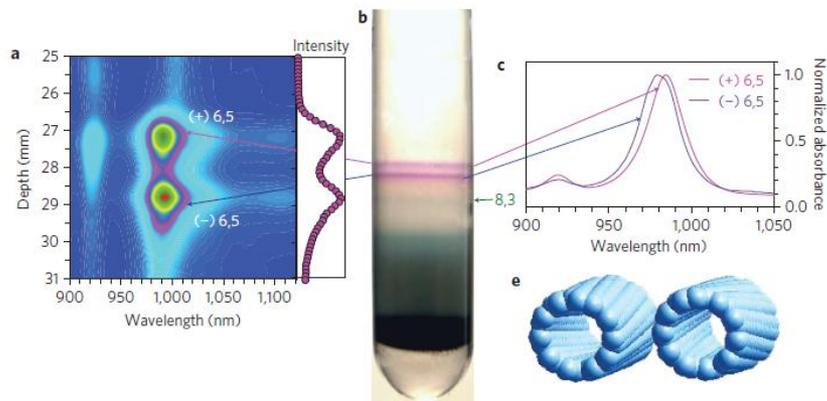
Okazaki et al., Angew.  
Chem. 50 4853 (2011)

Loi et al., Adv. Mater. 22  
1635 (2010)

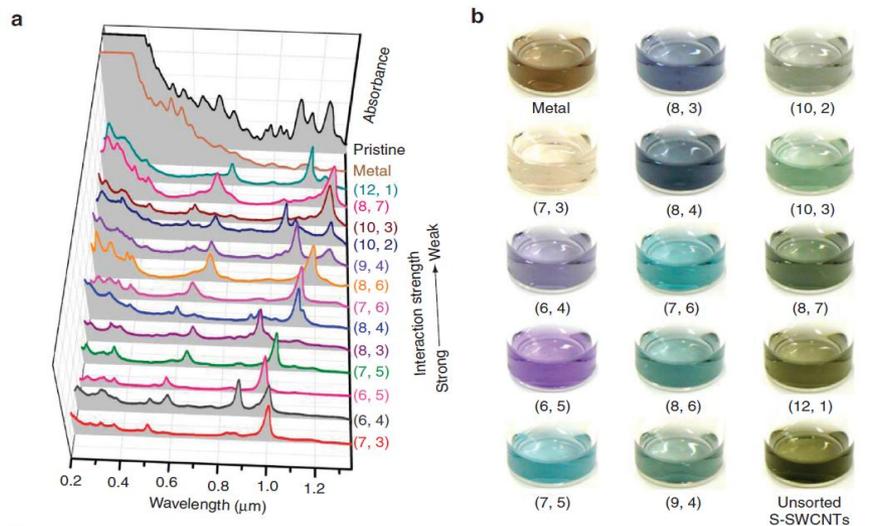
Two different excited-energy relaxation processes

# Recent progress of purification techniques

## SWCNTs with diameter less than 1.0 nm



Ghosh et al., Nat. Nanotechnology. 5, 443 (2010)

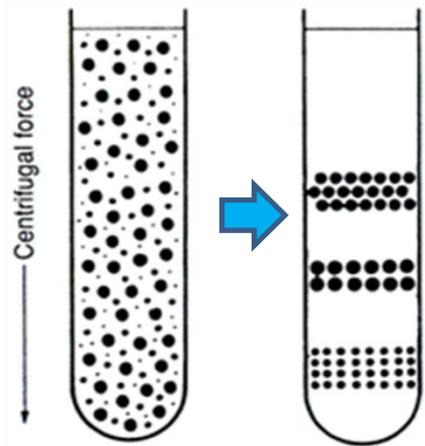


Liu et al., Nat. Comm. DOI:10.1038/ncomms1313 (2011)

## Purpose of this study

—Preparation of single-chiral state of SWCNTs with diameter around 1.4 nm, which is large enough for molecular encapsulation

# Our approach: Difference of densities of SWCNTs



Velocity of particle

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{r_p^2 (\rho_p - \rho_m) \omega^2 r}{K_\eta}$$

$r_p$  = radius of the particle

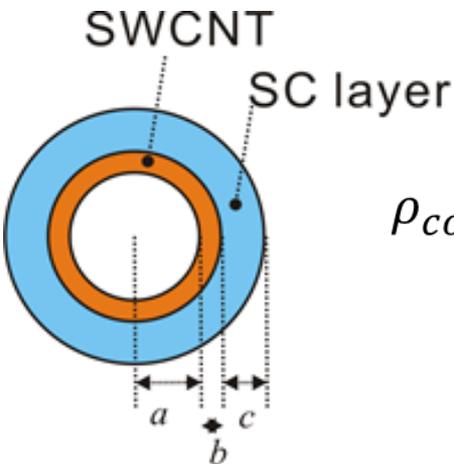
$\rho_p$  : density of the particle

$\rho_m$  : density of the medium

$K_\eta$  : Constant related to viscosity of the medium

density of medium

Schematic model for the density of SWCNTs



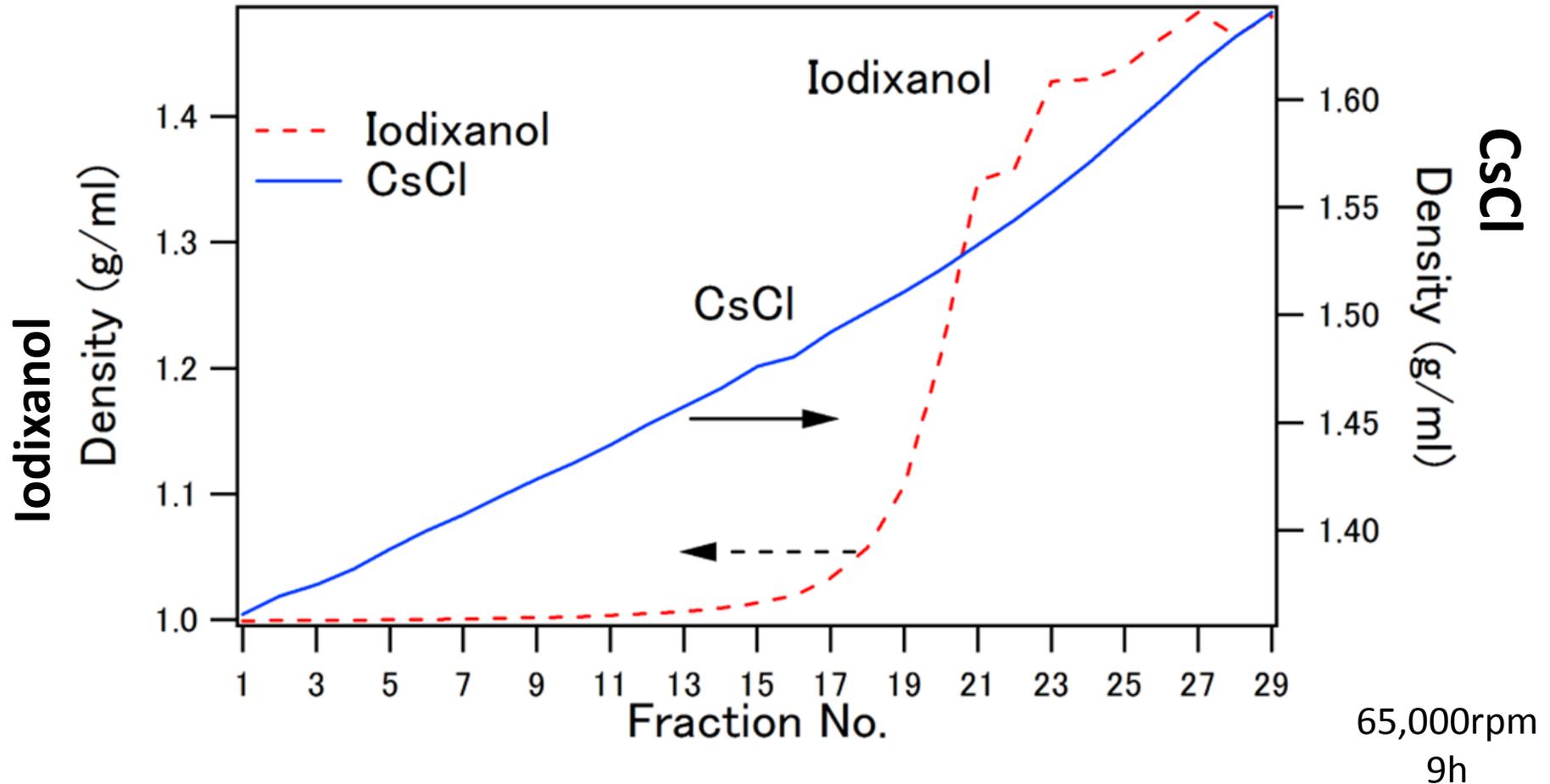
$$\rho_{complex} = \rho_{in} \left( \frac{a}{a+b+c} \right)^2 + \rho_c \frac{2ab+b^2}{(a+b+c)^2} + \rho_{sc} \frac{2c(a+b)+c^2}{(a+b+c)^2}$$

Difference of densities becomes small  
as the diameters of SWCNTs become large



Improvement of sorting capability

# Advantage of cesium chloride as gradient media



CsCl will improve the sorting capability!

Metal/Semi sorting →

CsCl sorting  
“Diameter sorting”?

→ “Single chirality”?

# CsCl sorting upon SWCNTs with diameters around 1.4 nm

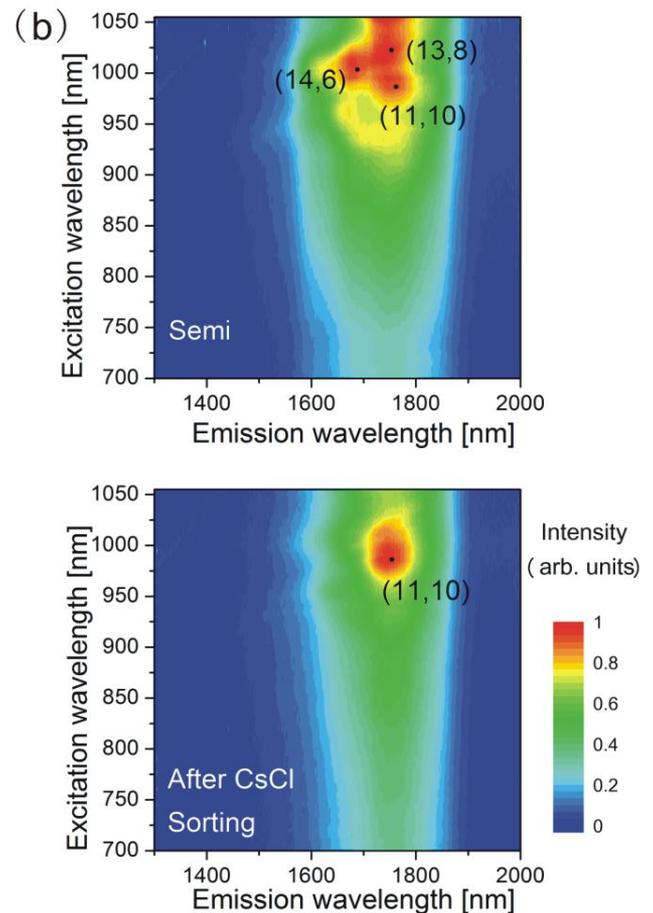
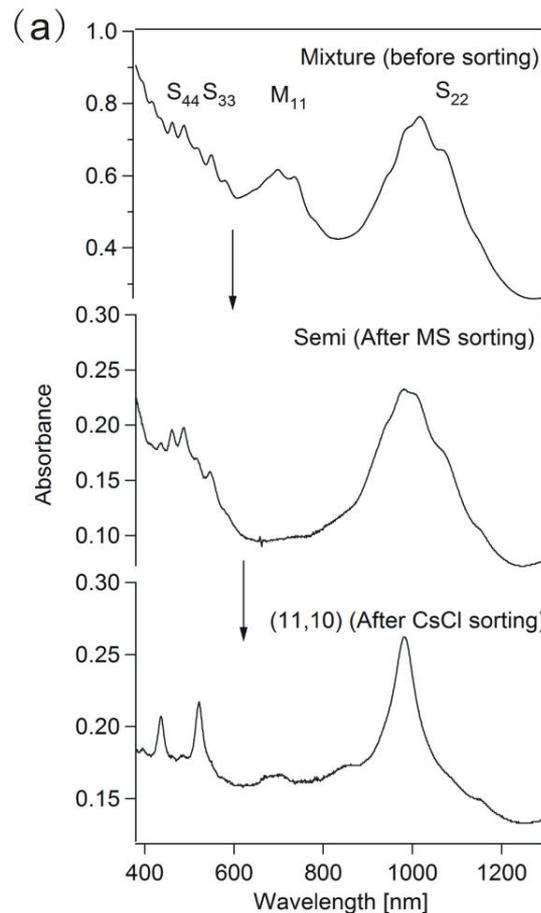
Pristine SWCNTs with diameter of 1.4 nm

MS sorting ↓

Semiconducting SWCNTs

CsCl sorting ↓

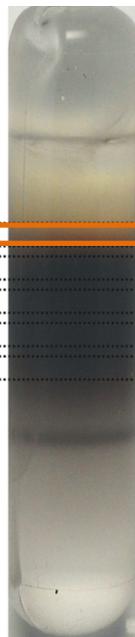
(11,10) SWCNTs



# CsCl sorting upon SWCNTs with diameter of 1.4 nm



CsCl sorting



f1  
f2  
f3  
f4  
f5

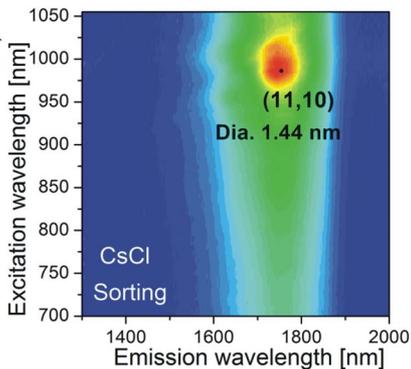
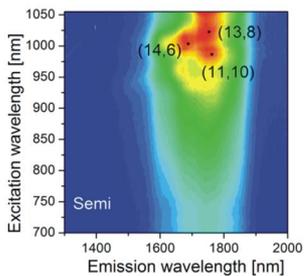
Diameter(nm) vs Chirality

1.41: (14,6)

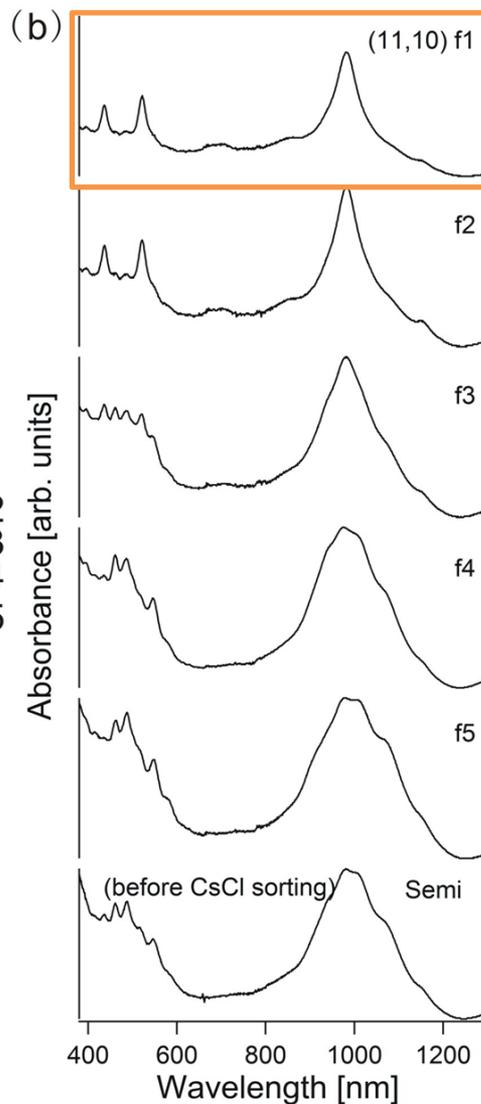
1.44: (11,10)

1.46: (13,8)

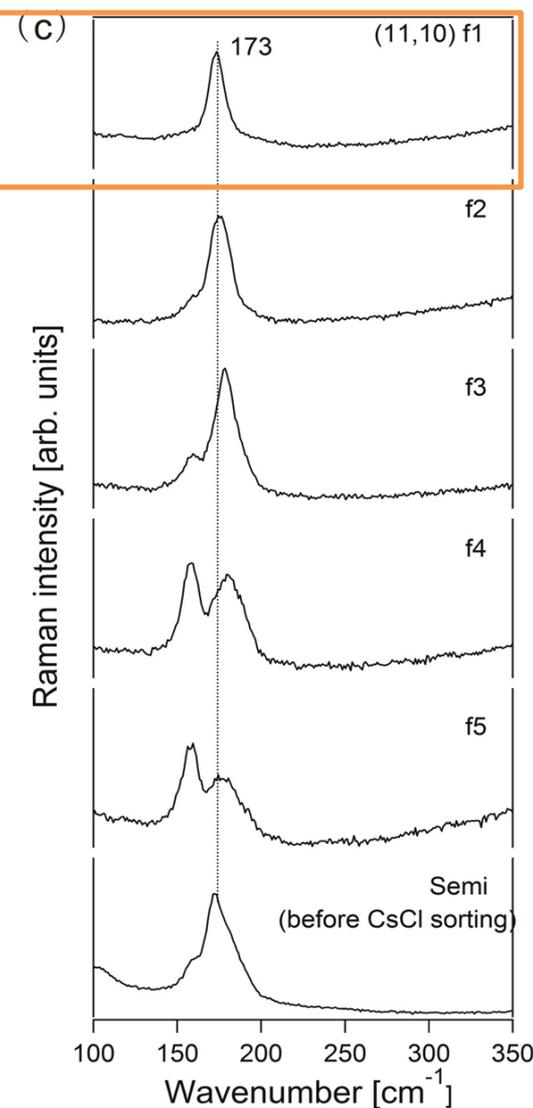
Single chirality purification



Optical absorption



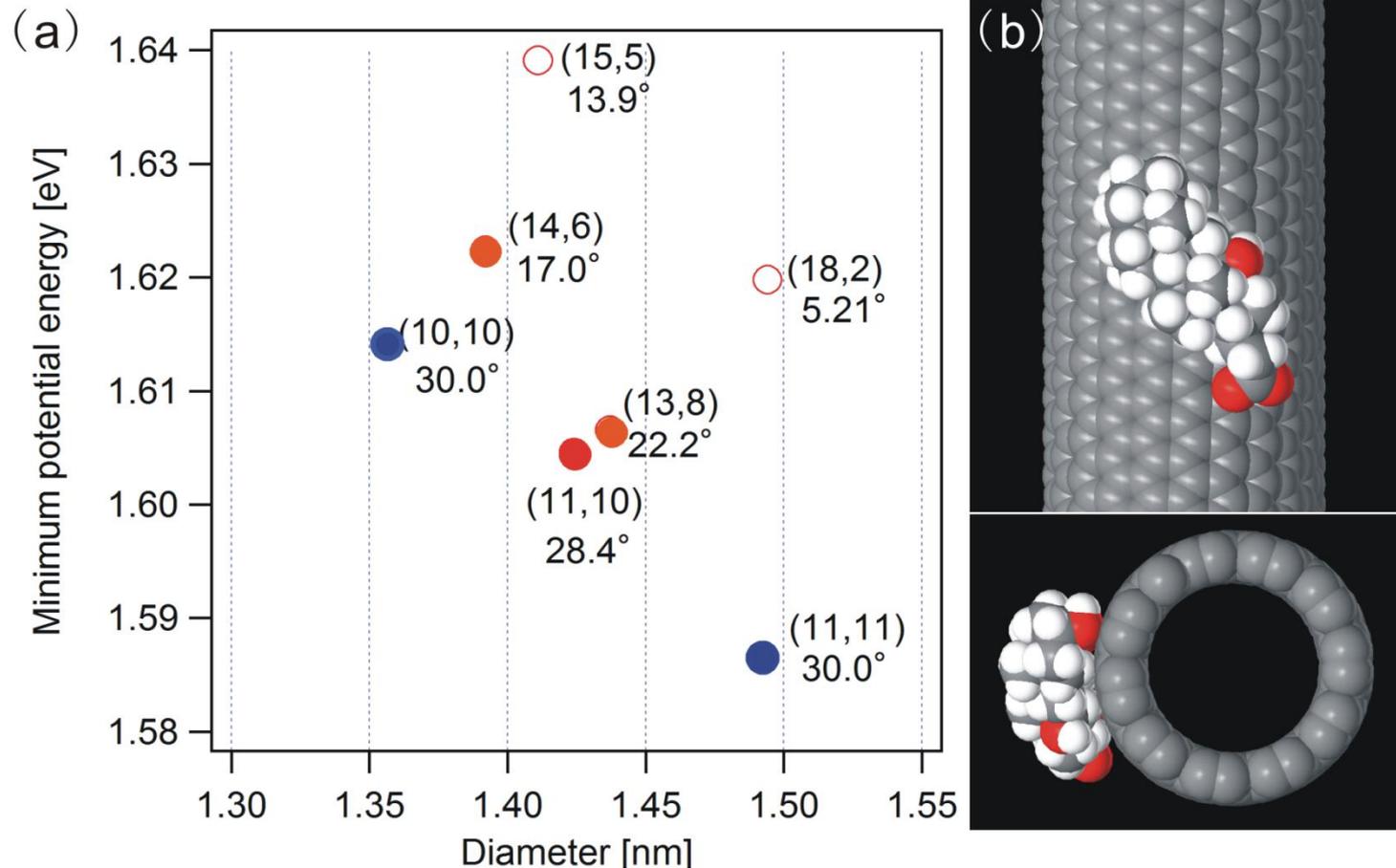
Raman spectra (RBM)



Raman measurements:  
Excitation 514 nm

# Sorting mechanism

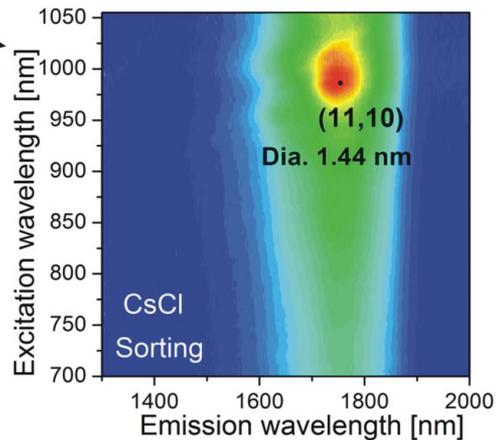
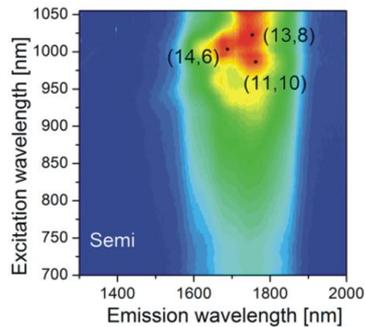
~MD simulation to estimate potential energy for a surfactant to adsorb on SWCNTs~



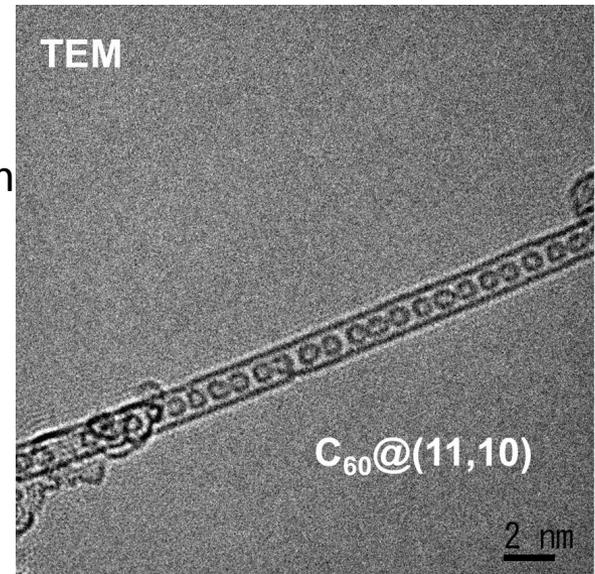
- Potential energy at (11,10) is lowest among other semiconducting chiralities
- Potential energy tends to be small as the chiral angle becomes large

# Encapsulation of $C_{60}$ into (11,10) SWCNTs

Single chirality purification



$C_{60}$  encapsulation

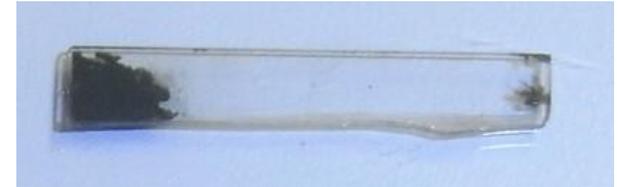


# How to encapsulate C<sub>60</sub> inside (11,10) SWCNTs

## Encapsulation of C<sub>60</sub> into a thin film of (11,10) SWCNTs

### Procedure

Formation of a thin film upon a glass substrate



Anneal at 500 °C

Sublimation at 600 °C for 24hrs



C<sub>60</sub>

substrate



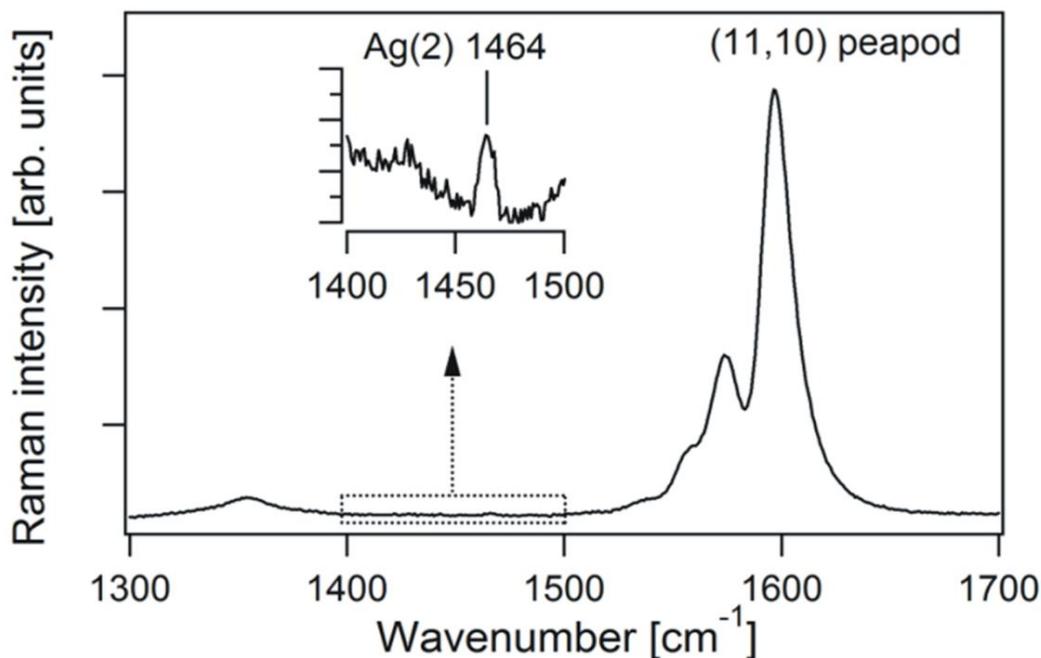
Wash with toluene and anneal in vacuum



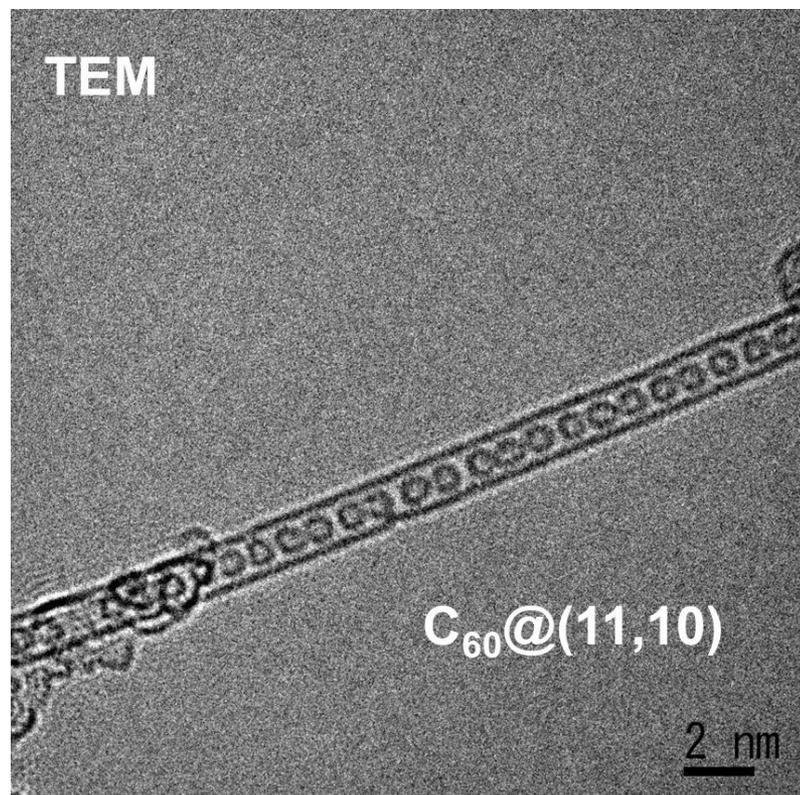
(11,10) peapods

# $C_{60}$ encapsulated into (11,10)SWCNTs

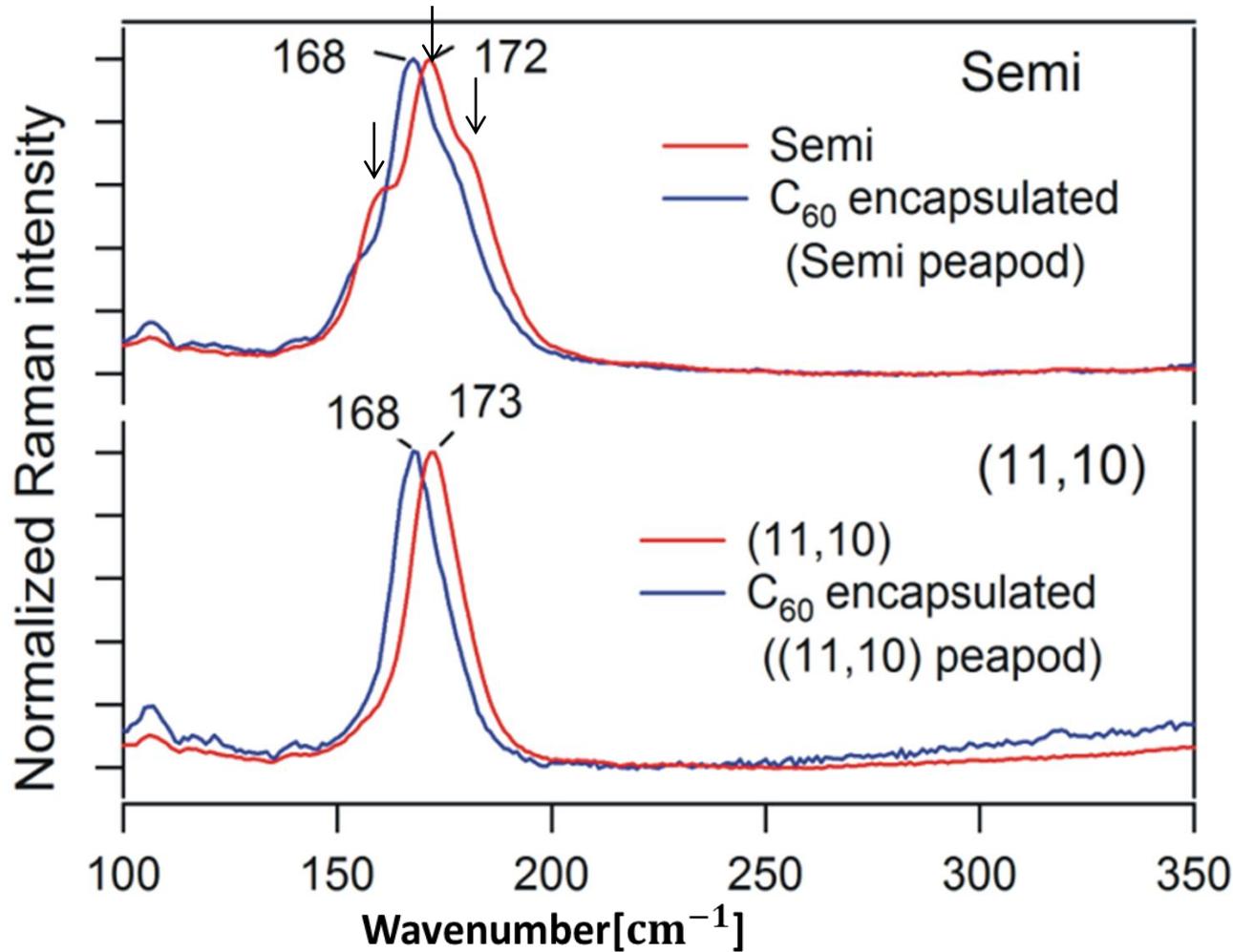
$C_{60}$ :Ag(2) mode  
(excitation wavelength of 488 nm)



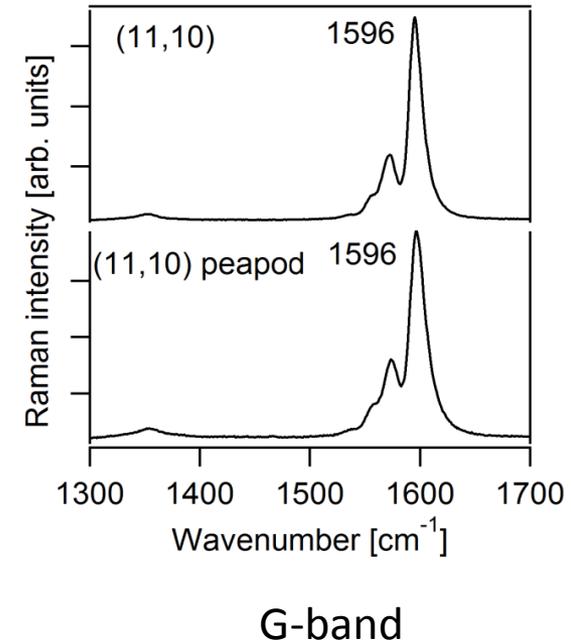
**Single-chirality peapod**



# Shift of Radial breathing mode

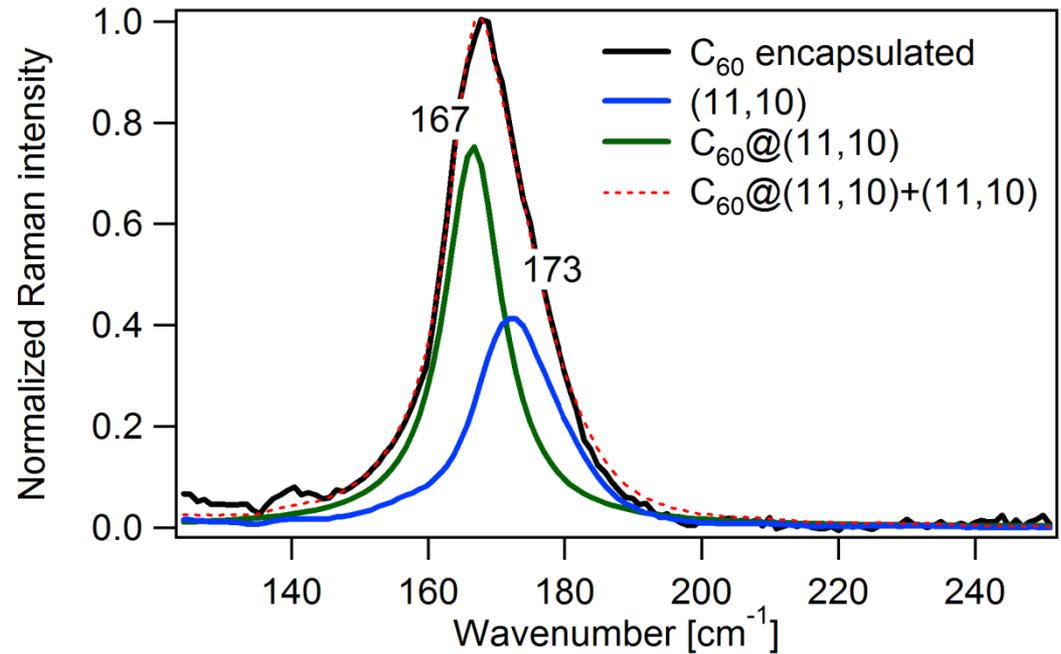
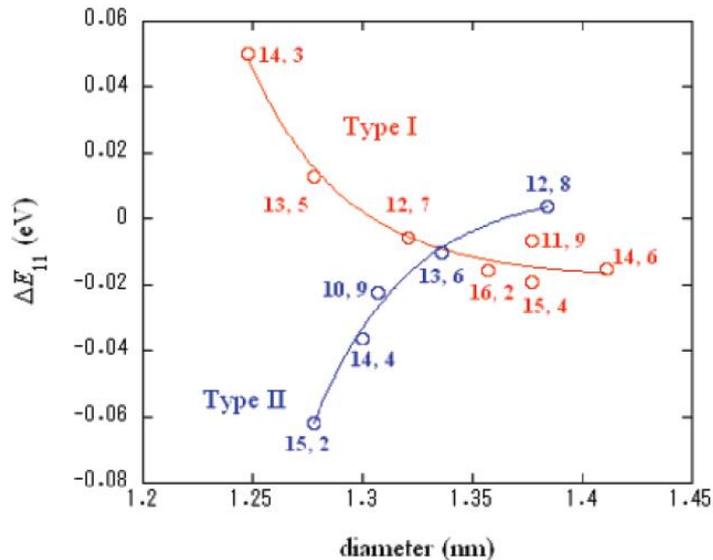
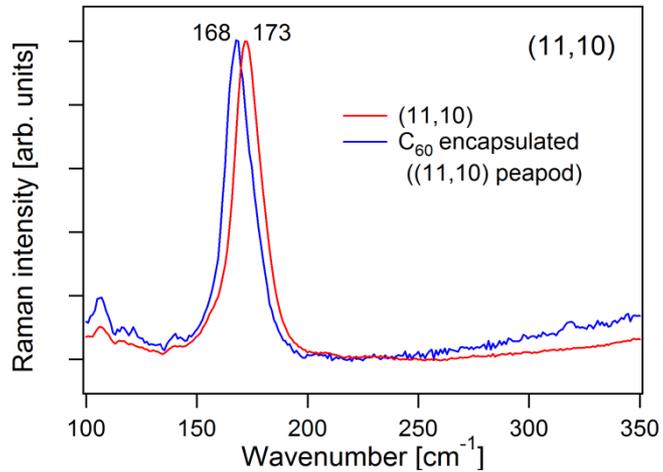


Raman measurements: Excitation 514 nm



Clear softening of RBM by encapsulation

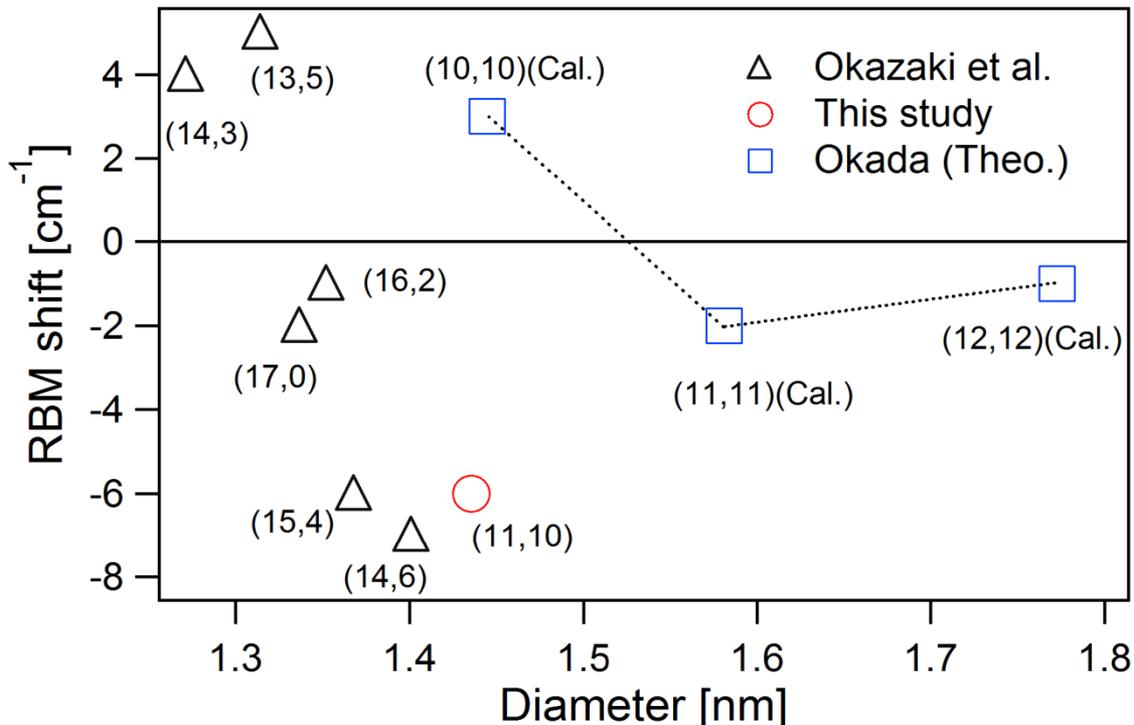
# RBM of $C_{60}@$ (11,10)



Shift of 6  $cm^{-1}$

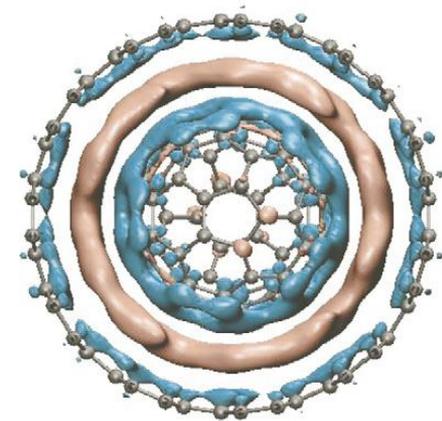
Yield of 65%

# Relationships between RBM shift and diameters



RBM shift:

Positive: Steric hindrance  
Negative: hybridization of  
Nearly free electron state

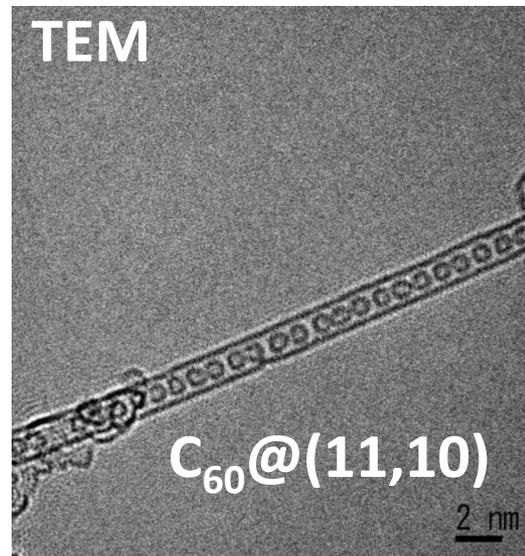
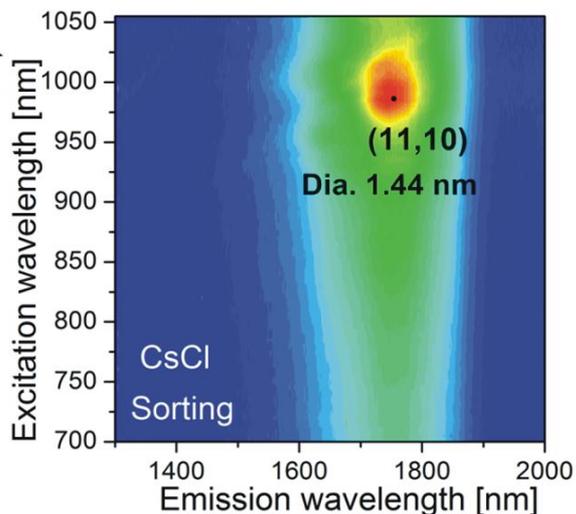
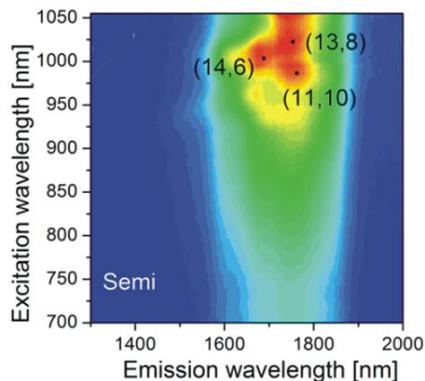


Okazaki et al. PRL 103, 027403 (2010)

Okada, CPL 438, 59 (2007)

# Summary

Single chirality purification



JACS 134, 9545 (2012)

Single-chirality peapods:  
Key to clarify unsolved-phenomena  
observed in peapods

